

What does it cost to plant and maintain a tree in hard and soft landscapes?

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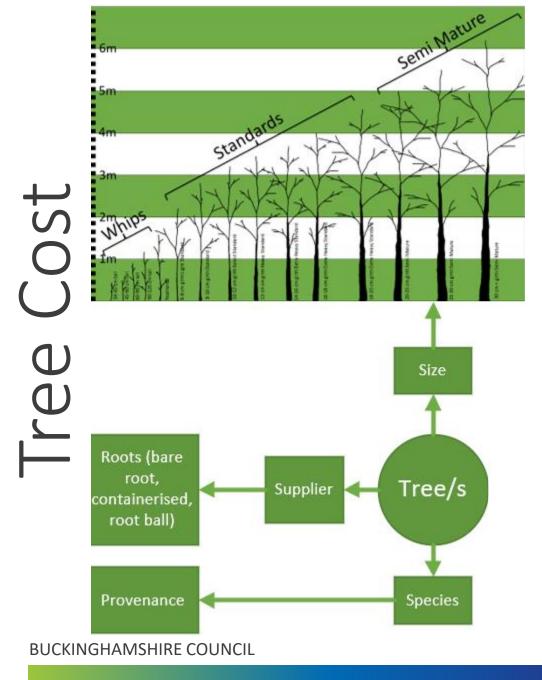


What nature does vs what we do....





Spacing: 1.5m-5m? Protection from Mulch mats? Plants per ha, areas deer, rabbits, what of open space and size tubes, deer rides? fencing. Woodland Cells containing soi guards, watering **Planting** Engineered Individual Standards Scenario Podium planting Sand based (e.g. Tree/s containerised, root ball) Medium stone and Watering bag/pip lecision makers for **Formative Pruning** Short Term Establishment Planning & Authorisation Watering Project for Delivery Tendering for and Topping up mulch organising Finding planting Removal of stakes, establishment, Seeking ties, guards, etc. authorisation to resource for long Design and plant - landowner consultation with (staff & budget). Replacing tree if stakeholders cultivation licences dead or damaged authority to spend (Beating up)

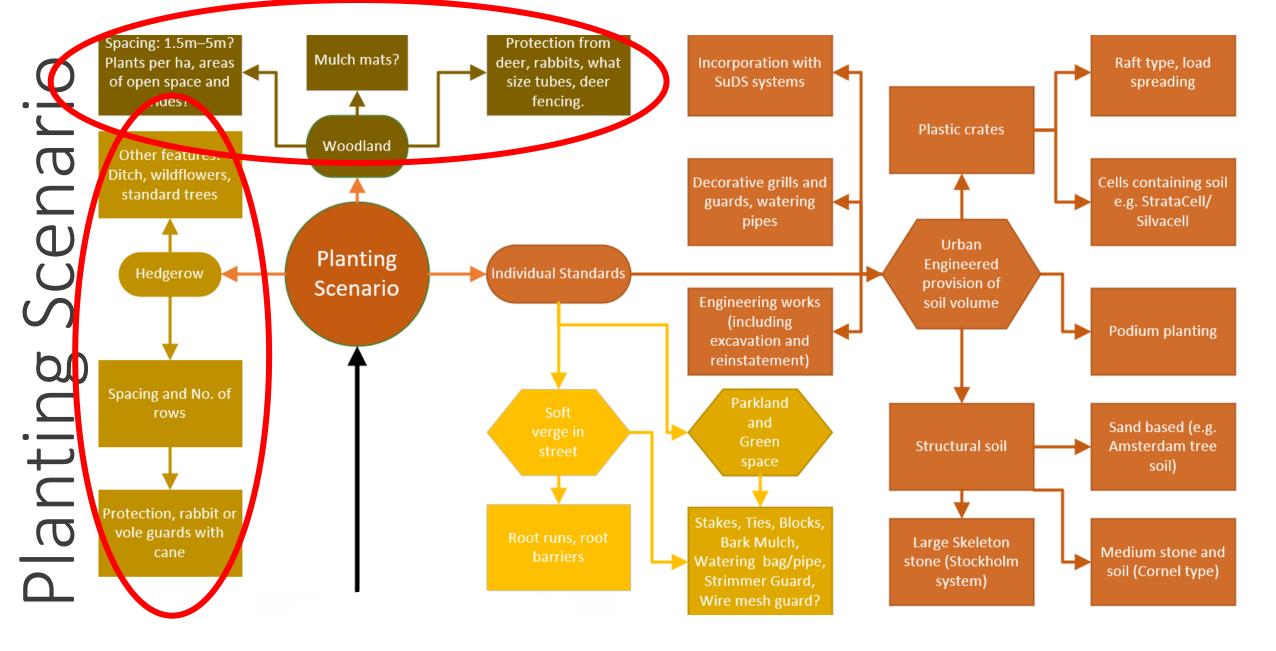


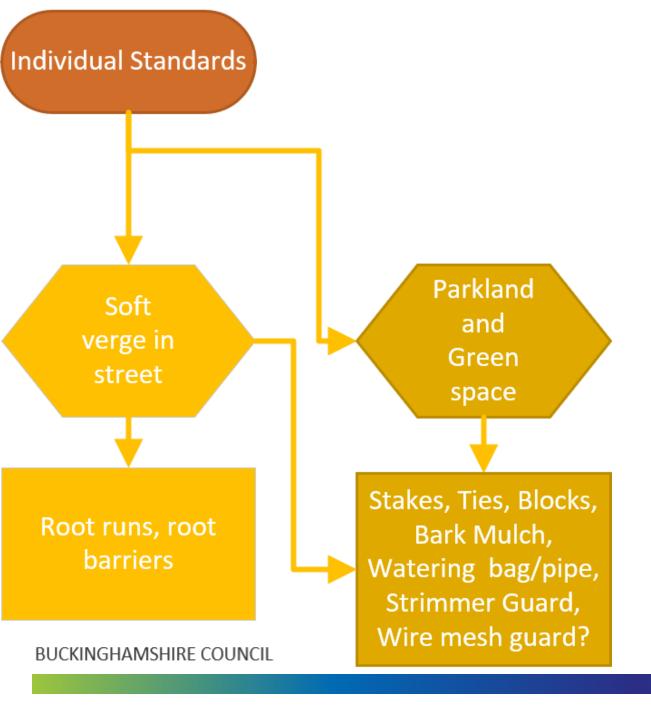
The larger the tree – The higher the price

- + the greater costs will be for:
- Transporting it,
- Planting it,
- Replacing it,
- Bare roots are cheapest + are lighter to move and cheaper to transport and plant. But will are less resilient to poor handling so have higher death rates.
- Root balls are often next cheapest but may not have as good fine root system which increases death rates, they can often be heavy which increases transport and planting costs.
- **Containerised** trees are often most expensive but may have lower death rates. Weight increases cost and look out for a healthy root system.

Some species are more expensive due to difficulty to grow or low supply (which fluctuates over time).

Local provenance may increase costs further due to supply.

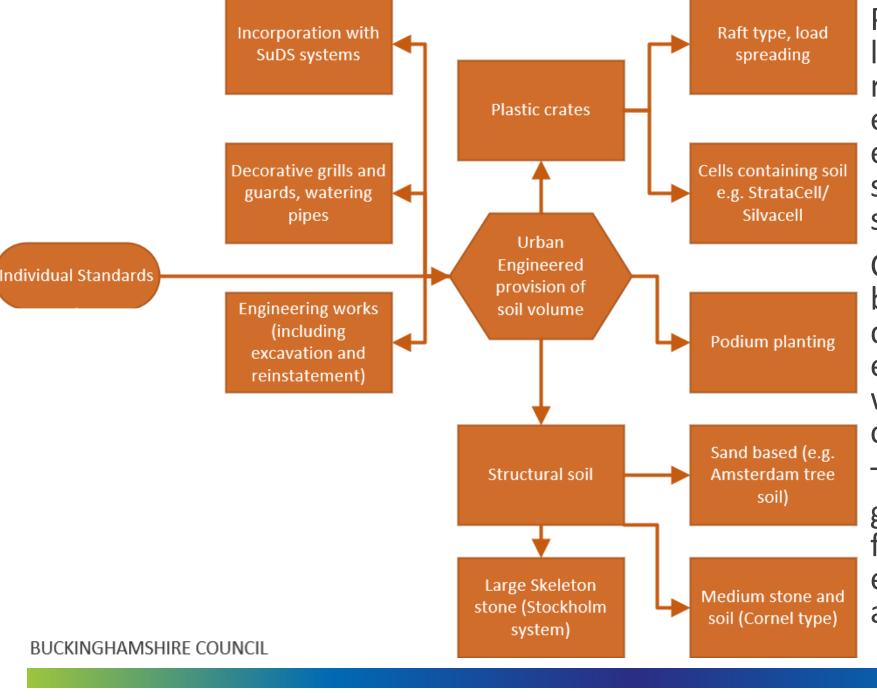




Planting trees in soft landscapes is relatively straight forward.

The range of products used are relatively straight forward and low cost and although there are different configurations they can be used in. They make up a small percentage of the total planting cost.

In a verge there are likely to be more constraints which can add to the total cost. Identifying and avoiding utilities and protecting surfaces with root barriers may be necessary. Creating root runs to adjoining areas of green space may be worthwhile to extend the available usable soil volume. Although it may not be done frequently in practice.



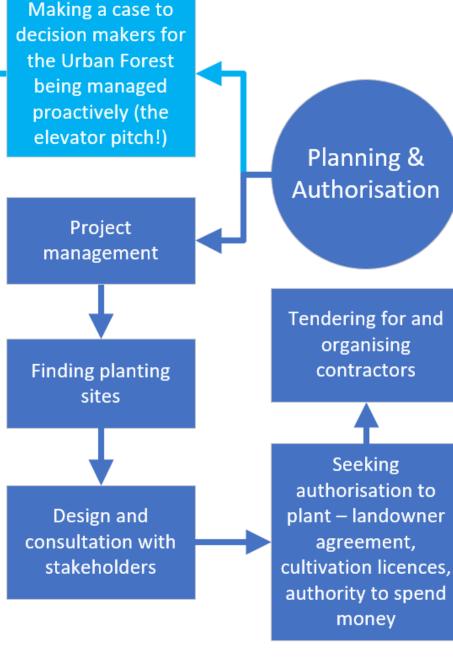
Planting trees in hard landscapes often requires involvement of engineered solutions to ensure that a tree has sufficient soil volume to survive.

Costs are much higher, because it is expensive to dig a hole in an urban environment, and then what goes into the hole can be expensive too.

The ornamental grills, guards and surface finishes are often also expensive to purchase and install.

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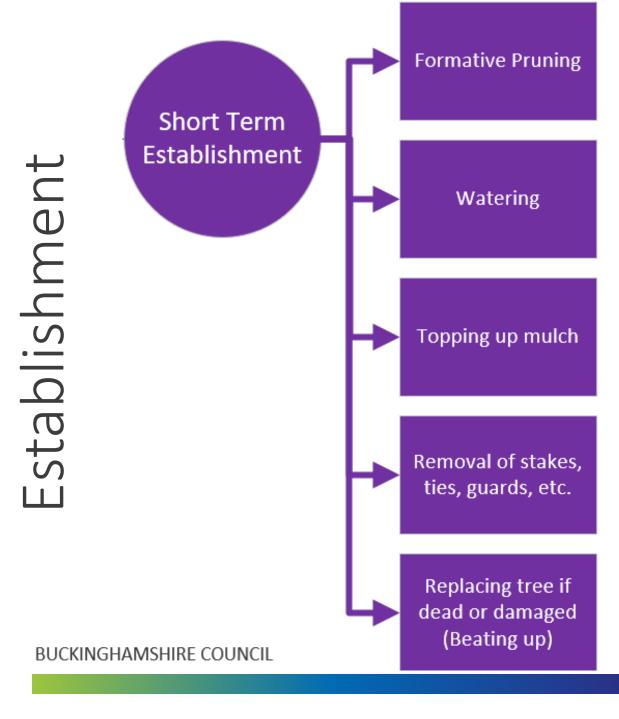
Urban forest study followed by a strategy **Sourcing Funding** for Delivery Making a plan for what finances will be spent on. Planting, establishment, maintenance, resource for long term management (staff & budget). Lots of small trees in parks fewer large trees in urban areas. **BUCKINGHAMSHIRE COUNCIL**



Prior to planting, a lot of work goes on behind the scenes.

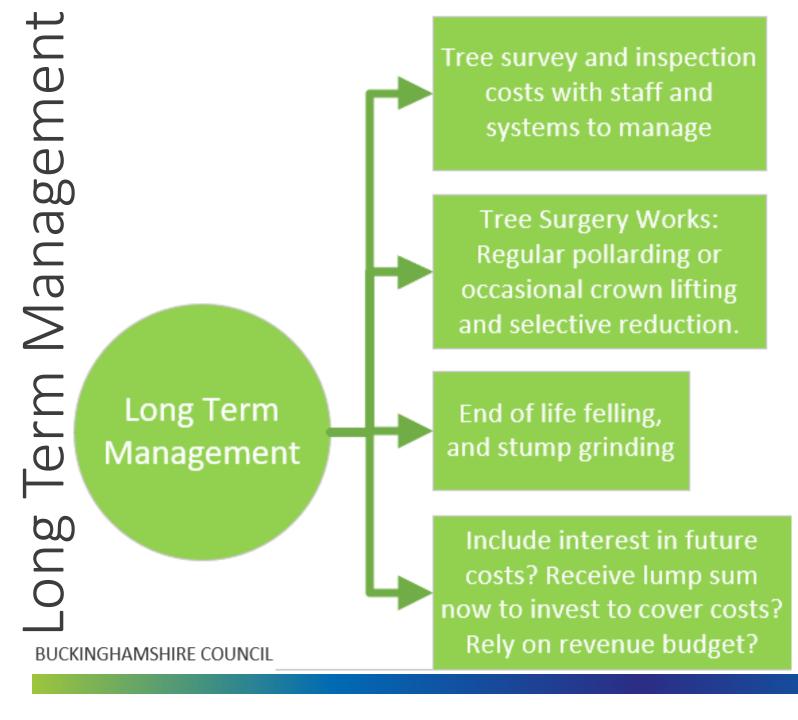
Making the case for planting, doing the strategic thinking and sourcing the funding is probably more than should be included in a tree planting cost model. But it essential and shouldn't be forgotten.

All the work which is directly linked to the planting of trees should be factored into the overall costs.



Post planting the following three to five years can dramatically impact upon not only its survival, but also the long-term health or the tree.

If establishment is scrimped upon, the whole reason for planting can be jeopardised.



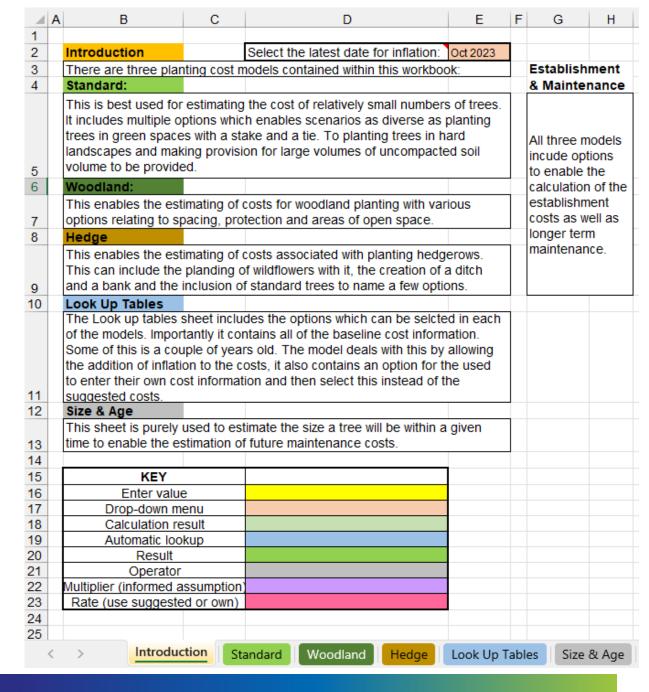
The long-term costs of trees can vary substantially. A London Plane on a busy road which is pollarded can be very costly to manage.

Conversely, an Oak in a remote corner of a park may need almost no works through its life other than the occasional walk over survey.

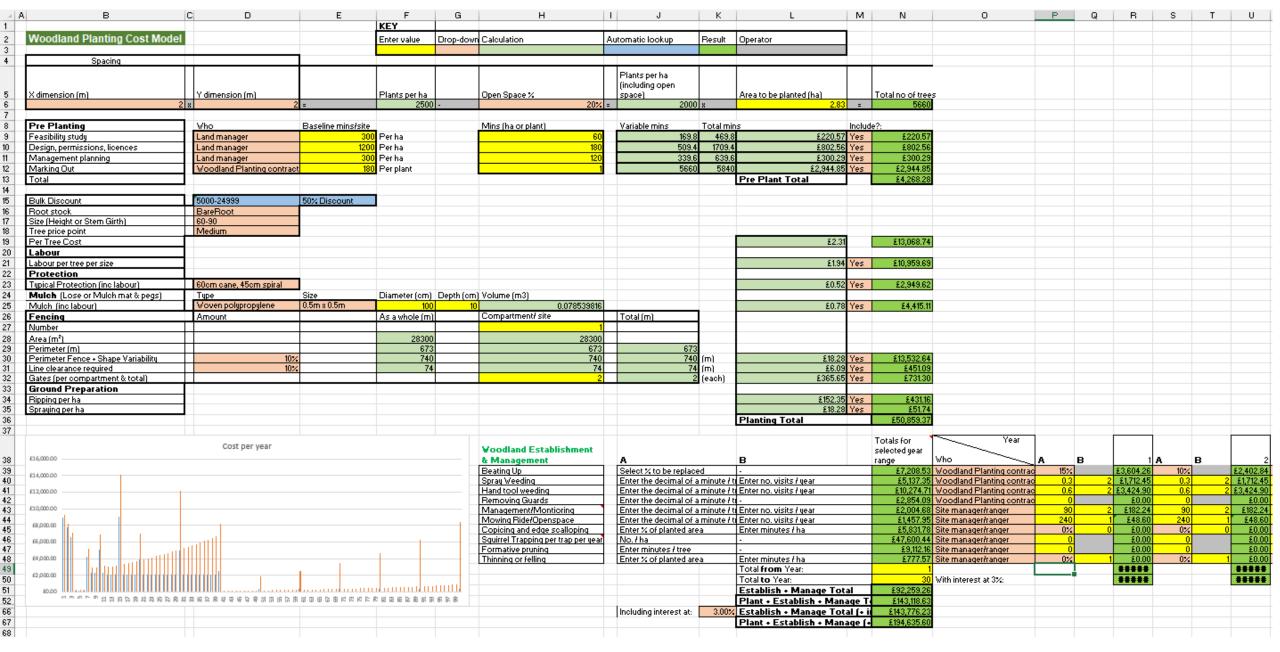
Planting Cost Model v1

I have created a spreadsheet model which can may have several possible uses. It may be useful to:

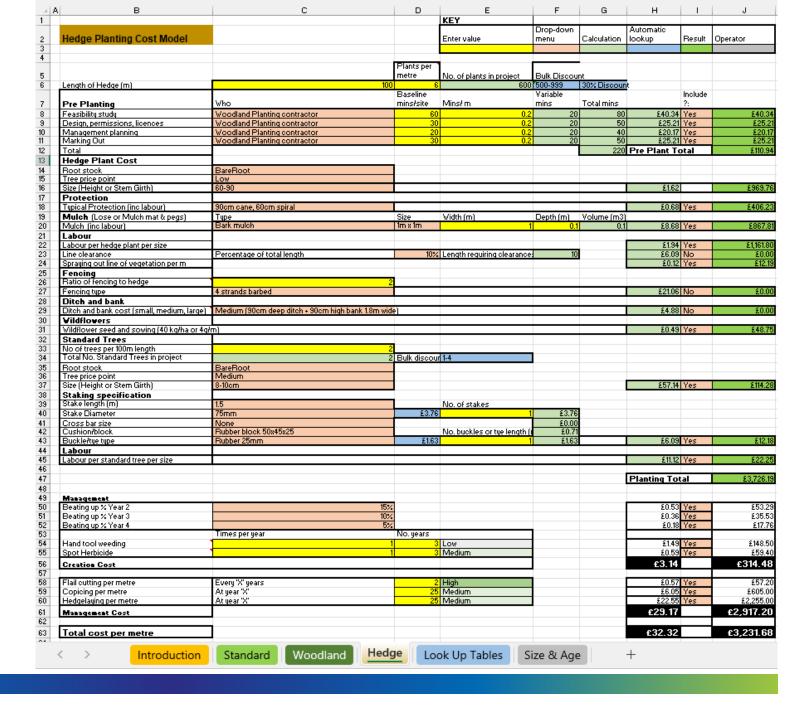
- Get a very rough estimate for how much it might cost to plant an individual tree, hedge or woodland using the costs it contains.
- Populate the Look Up Tables with known costs to calculate more precise project costs.
- As a thinking aid when considering the cost implications for different choices relating to tree planting.



Woodland Planting Cost Model



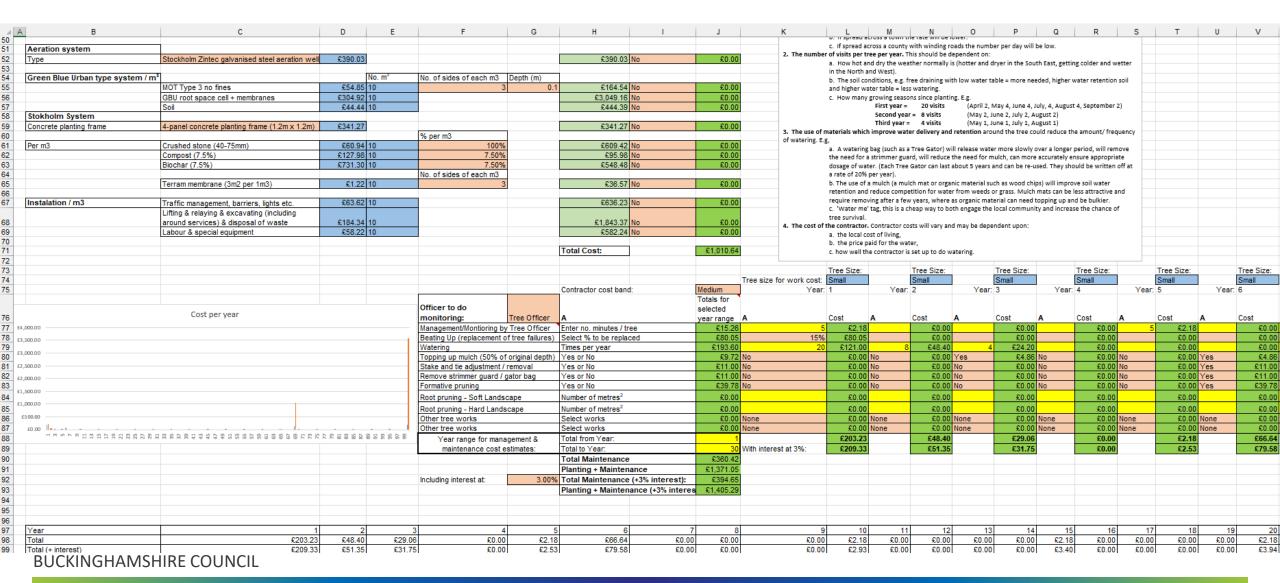
Hedgerow Planting Cost Model



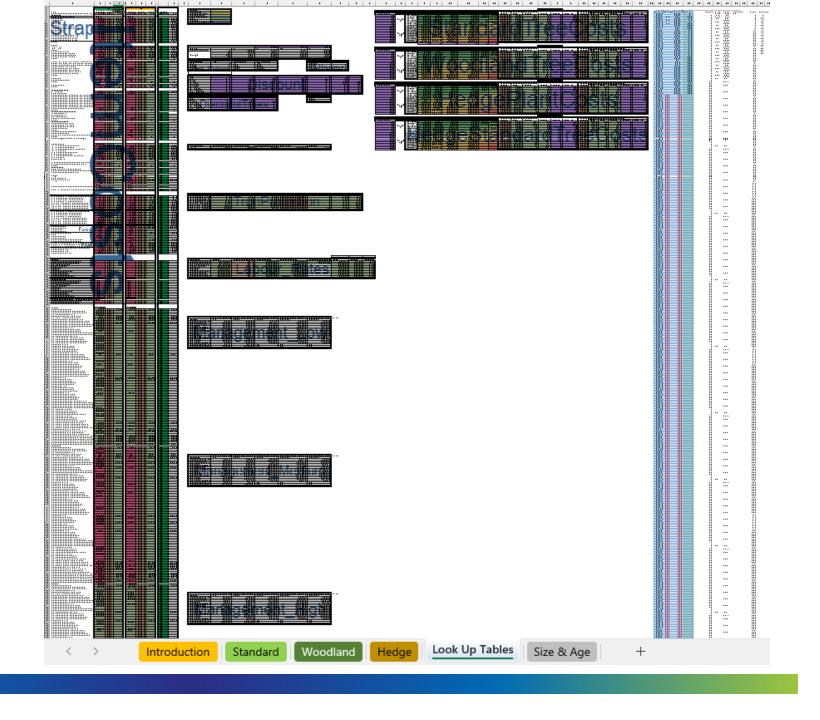
Standard Tree Planting Cost Model

В D G KEY Standard Tree Planting Cost Model 2 3 4 Drop-down menu Automatic lookup Result Enter value Calculation Operator No. of trees in project Example Scenarios 1-4 **Bulk Discount** 0% Click the buttons below to see example planting and Planting cost £1,010.64 Maintenance cost Soil Volume £394.65 maintenance costs. Future Tree Size (For soil volume Adjust individual specifications to amend the costs. (m³) and maintance costs) £1,405.29 Medium Total cost Tree in Skelaton Growth Rate (For maintance costs) Medium structural soil Baseline Variable mins Include?: Pre Planting Who mins/site Mins/ plant Total mins Tree Officer 11 12 13 14 15 Feasibility study 240 240 £130.79 Yes £130.79 60 300 Design, permissions, licences Landscape Architect 30 240 240 270 £126.76 Yes £126.76 20 120 120 140 £65.73 Yes Management planning Project Manager £65.73 Marking Out 120 120 150 £104.28 Yes £104.28 Urban tree planting contractor Total £427.57 16 17 Root stock Containerised 18 Size (Height or Stem Girth) 14-16cm 19 Product price point User Defined Model Tree Cost Bark mulch Purchase Cost Per Tree 20 21 22 23 24 £422.46 Model £422.46 Model Labour Cost User Defined Labour £111.24 Model Labour per tree per size £0.00 £111.24 Bark mulch dimensions Mulch (Lose or Mulch mat & pegs) Volume (m3) Size Diameter (cm) Depth (cm) 25 26 27 28 1m x 1m £9.72 Yes Mulch (inc labour) Bark mulch 0.078539816 £9.72 Staking specification Stake length (m) 1.5 No. of stakes Stake Diameter 100mm £5.64 £11.27 0.9 x 75mm x 25mm £1.22 Cross bar size No. buckles or tye length Cushion/block Rubber block 90x75x44 £2.99 Staking system cost/ tree 31 £17.10 Yes £1.63 £1.63 £17.10 Buckle/tye type Rubber 25mm 32 33 Underground anchoring 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 Tree anchor 7.5m - 12.5m height £140.17 £140.17 No £0.00 Type and size Watering £21.94 £21.94 Yes £21.94 System Gator Bag £0.61 £0.61 Yes £0.61 Tag Water Me Tag Tree Guard Type Basic 3 hoop 1.9m high, 25cm diameter, painted £272.80 £272.80 No £0.00 42 Tree Grille Type 1.2m grille and frame £405.57 £405.57 No £0.00 Root Director 47 Root director 140cm x 45cm £331.46 £331.46 No £0.00 48 49 Mycorrhizal fungi £62.44 £62.44 No £0.00

Standard Tree Planting Cost Model



Look Up Tables



Size and Age

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Variables

- Efficiency Watering and maintenance 10 trees all together in a park will be much more efficient to look after than 10 trees spread across a district.
- Bulk discounts with many things needed for tree planting, the more you buy the cheaper they are. This is especially true for smaller bare rooted trees.
- Regional Variation The cost of labour can vary considerably across the country, and different suppliers will charge different amounts.
- There can be large difference between contractors, this can depend upon how busy they are.
- Others....

Conclusion

• When tree planting fails, it's never what was planned or hoped for.

Better understanding of the costs can lead to better planning.

Well planned for trees are more likely to become a reality.

 Well understood costs can lead to a better case being made for an adequate budget.



Thank You

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